

PLANNING MICHIGAN CONFERENCE

VIRTUAL CONFERENCE 2020



MICHIGAN ASSOCIATION OF PLANNING

WWW.PLANNINGMI.ORG



Be Yourself. Know your Community. And have Good Regulations.

Presenters: Arthur Mullen, AICP, Adam Young, AICP, Elise Crafts, AICP





What are we talking about



- 1) Communities with Master Plans and Zoning
- 2) Rural Majority of Michigan Land
- 3) Goals and Desires for Protection





What happened



- 1) Urban/Suburban Templates
- 2) Budget
- 3) One Size Fits All
- 4) Lack of Understanding





Understanding the Constraints



- 1) Understand Resident Needs
- 2) Recognize Community Desires
- 3) Recognize Capacity Limitations
- 4) Appreciate Lack of Experience





ATLAS TOWNSHIP

Genesee County, Population 6,000



LOCAL APPLICATION OF THE RURAL TO URBAN TRANSECT

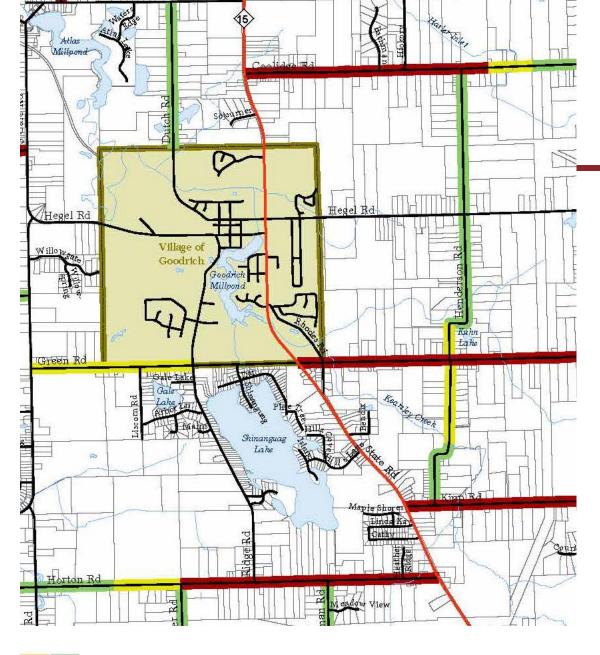
- Six zones, from rural to urban
- Only 4 zones appropriate in Atlas Township's context
- Zone 4: "Atlas Center"
- Zoning district scheme and densities based on principles of the transect:
 - RA District 3 ac. min.
 - RSA District 1 ac. min.
 - RU-1 District 20,000 sq. ft. min.
 - Historic Village (HV) District





GRAVEL ROAD CAPACITY ANALYSIS & STRATEGIES

- Embracing gravel roads as a contributor to rural character
- Desire to manage growth concurrent with road capacity
- Conducted a gravel road capacity analysis as part of the Master Plan
 - 70% gravel roads found to be "under capacity"
 - 10% gravel roads "nearing capacity"
 - 20% gravel roads "at or above capacity"



GRAVEL ROAD CAPACITY ANALYSIS & STRATEGIES (CONT.)

- Alternative strategies to paving the road:
 - 1. Limit intensity of development along road
 - 2. Allow for increased development elsewhere
 - 3. Coordinate with county on permits and road improvements

MILLINGTON TOWNSHIP

Tuscola County, Population 4,000

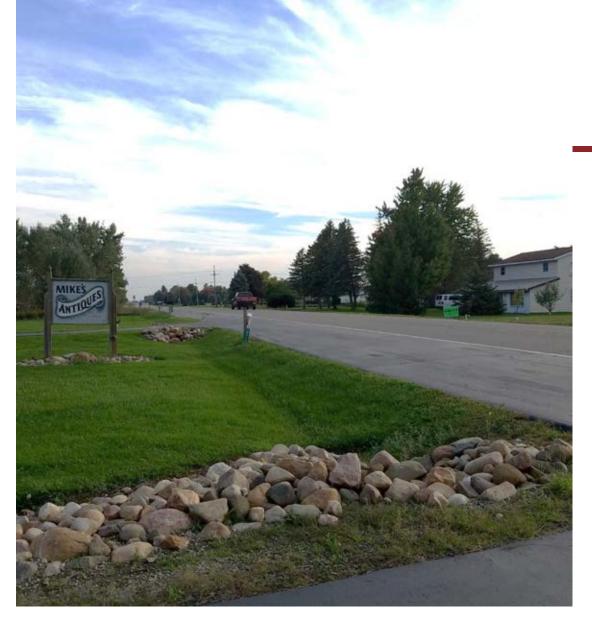


VILLAGE OF MILLINGTON SEE INSET

"CUSTOM-FIT" ZONING REGULATIONS

- Comprehensive zoning update, following a new Master Plan
- Simplified zoning ordinance 66 pages
- Addressed local and contemporary zoning issues
 - Solar energy
 - Wind generation
 - Lighting
 - Signage
 - Keeping of animals
- Revisions intended to support the agricultural economy
 - Agritourism enterprises
 - Agribusiness activities
 - Farm markets/roadside stands





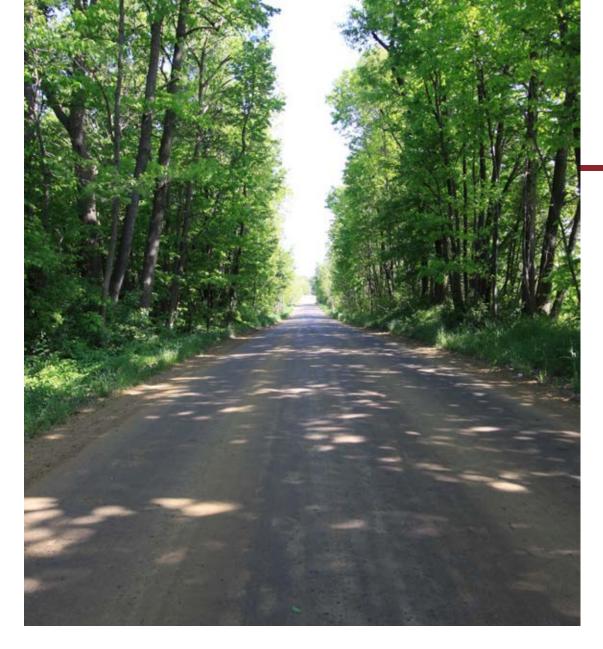
"CUSTOM-FIT" ZONING REGULATIONS (CONT.)

- Achieve balanced and compatible land use along M-15
 - Allow greater mix of land use in the commercial district
 - Landscaping/buffering standards
- Support the development of new housing types
 - Attached single-family, townhouses, and multiplefamily
 - Senior/assisted living

MORAN TOWNSHIP

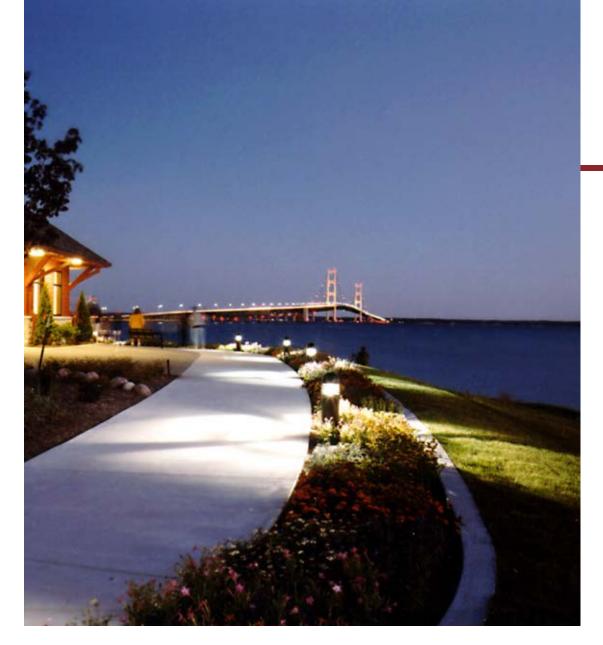
Mackinac County, Population 1,000





ADDRESSING KEY COMMUNITY CONCERNS...

- Identified as part of a planning process for an updated
 Master Plan
- Key concerns to be addressed:
 - 1. The potential impact of tourism development on the character of Moran Township
 - Protecting the aesthetic and scenic qualities of the US-2 corridor – and exceptional views of the Mackinac Bridge
 - 3. Protecting sensitive wildlife and natural areas dunes, marshes, wetlands, mature forests
 - 4. Limiting development in areas susceptible to ground water contamination



...THROUGH CUSTOMIZED ZONING SOLUTIONS

- New Mixed-Use Corridor (MUC) Zoning District
 - Allows great variety of use, including limited commercial, institutional and light industrial
- New Corridor Viewshed Protection (CVP) Overlay District
 - Height restrictions for buildings and tower structures
 - Further restrictions on orientation and height of structures given to Planning Commission to protect views
 - Access management standards
 - Sign type and design standards
 - Exterior lighting standards

WELDON TOWNSHIP

Benzie County, Population 500





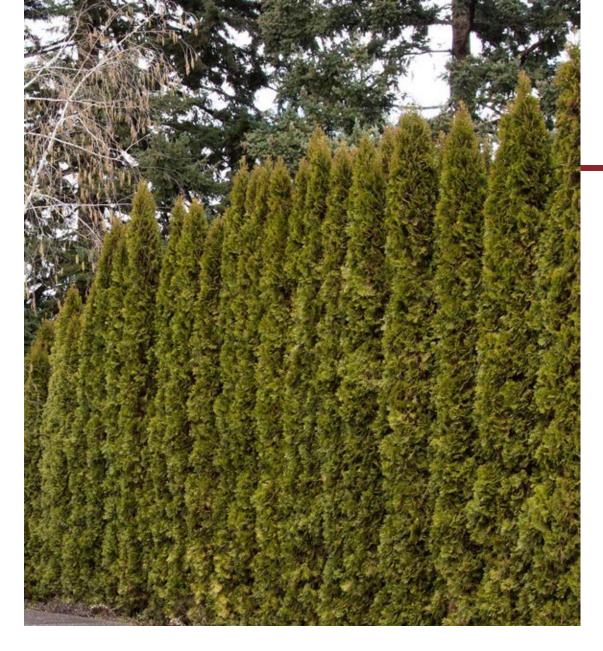
WHO'S GOING TO IMPLEMENT THIS PLAN?

- Implementation is (likely) a volunteer effort.
- Prioritize action steps. Consider what is possible each year for five years.
- Zoning Ordinance amendments are logical action steps.

JOYFIELD TOWNSHIP

Benzie County, Population 800





UNIQUE OPPORTUNITIES

- Large parcels, low density = less "negative" impacts from agritourism and agribusiness.
- Blight buffering
- "Non-accessory accessory"—allow storage buildings as principal use

FIFE LAKE TOWNSHIP

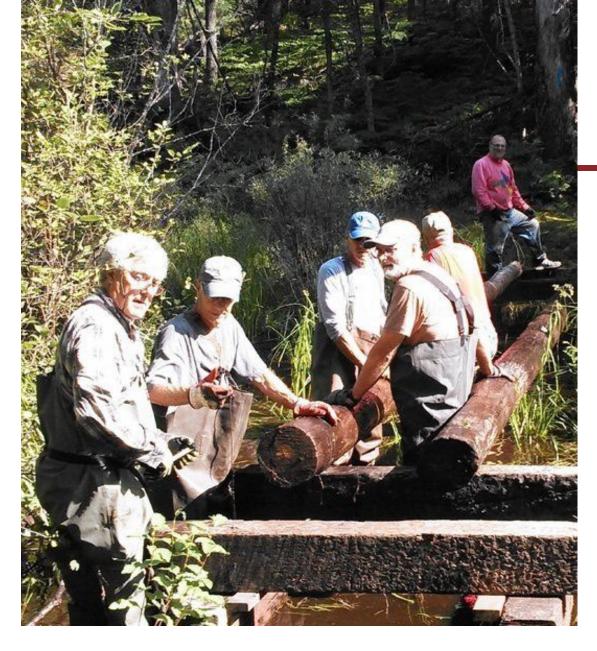
Grand Traverse County, Population 3,000





ENSURE PLANNING → **DOING**

- Allocate dollars towards implementation of one highimpact and low-cost project identified in Master Plan.
- Active community partners include churches, American Legion, historical organizations, and recreation groups.



IDEAS TO CONSIDER

- Frame Planning Commission as implementors of the plan.
 Capacity and interests? What is possible?
- Zoning ordinance amendment is realistic and impactful next step.
- Set aside \$\$ upfront to implement high-impact, low-cost project identified in Master Plan.
- Consider what low density means for allowed land uses.
- Blight manifests uniquely in rural areas. Ideas to assist:
 Township clean up day, partner with nonprofit cleanup crews,
 provide modest grant opportunity to property owners.
- Find your partners (church, historical, American Legion, recreation).
- Not all rural places are the same.

Thank you to our presenters

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